and acted upon in Phoenix in 1967, is the first link in an international chain of food banks and compassion for the neediest among us.

John van Hengel's food banking idea is simple, but like all truly great ideas, it took the efforts of one man working for a lifetime to reach fruition. Because John van Hengel was the need to help hungry people, he created a concept to address that need. Dozens of countries and millions of people now have a powerful weapon against hunger.

In the wake of his 80th birthday, it is a privilege in honor John van Hengel for his noble dedication to feeding the hungry. His vision and leadership continue to greatly impact the lives of millions throughout the United States and the world.

TRIBUTE TO CRAIG STALKER-TROOPER OF THE YEAR IN SOUTHERN REGION

• Mr. BUNNING. Mr. President, I rise today in the Senate to honor and pay tribute to Kentucky State Police Trooper Craig Stalker for being named the Southern Region Trooper of the Year.

This honor was bestowed upon Trooper Stalker by the International Association of Chiefs of Police. Trooper Stalker was nominated for this prestigious award after he rescued several people from two burning cars in Johnson County, KY, while off duty. After receiving this distinction he was presented with a 35-pound eagle trophy.

The citizens of eastern Kentucky are fortunate to have Trooper Stalker protecting their communities. His example of leadership, hard work, and compassion should be an inspiration to all throughout the Commonwealth.

Congratulations, Trooper Stalker for receiving this award. Trooper Stalker is just one of the many Kentucky State Police officers which put others before themselves by vowing to protect and serve Kentuckians. They have earned our admiration and respect, and for this we will always be grateful.

IN HONOR OF DR. LLOYD OGILVIE

• Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, since 1995 Dr. Lloyd Ogilvie has provided exceptional spiritual leadership to the Senate family. Serving as chaplain for 8 years, Dr. Ogilvie daily guided and counseled Members and staff with encouragement, support, and wisdom.

I will miss Dr. Ogilvie. Lloyd Ogilvie has led the Senate family and Nation through difficult situations, including the shooting deaths of Capitol Hill police officers J.J. Chestnut and Detective John Gibson; the impeachment of our President; the deaths of three Senate Members, Paul Wellstone, John Chafee, and Paul Coverdell; the tragic terrorist attack on 9/11; the attack of anthrax on the Senate; and the current possibility of war.

His leadership and counsel have stayed Senate Members, spouses, and

staff. I thank Dr. Ogilvie for his daily prayers. He offered us spiritual leader-ship through his weekly Bible study for Senators, and always made himself available—at any time of the day—as a source of prayer and counsel. Chaplain Ogilvie also hosted a weekly Bible study for Senate spouses.

Chaplain Ogilvie also made himself available to staff. He welcomed staff to his office, responded to electronic mail from staff, and taught an inspirational study every Friday for Senate staff. Dr. Ogilvie also made an effort to stimulate relationship with the Washington community. He made information available to staff about opportunities to serve Washington-based charities, and he made the Senate aware of Senate and community groups to help Senate staff strengthen their lives morally and spiritually. Dr. Ogilvie also offered himself to minister and speak to the local Washington community.

While serving in the Senate, I have been encouraged and blessed by Chaplain Ogilvie and I am pleased the Senate chose him as our Chaplain. His friendship and counsel have served the Senate well and Washington will miss his presence.

My wife Joan and I give you and Mary Jane our warmest thoughts and our prayers as you return home to California. We will continue to pray for you and your family. We thank you for your service and ministry to us and wish you and your family God's best.

$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ACT} \\ \text{OF 2001} \end{array}$

• Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise today to speak about the need for hate crimes legislation. In the last Congress Senator Kennedy and I introduced the Local Law Enforcement Act, a bill that would add new categories to current hate crimes law, sending a signal that violence of any kind is unacceptable in our society.

I would like to describe a terrible crime that occurred October 20, 2001 in San Diego, CA. An Afghani taxicab driver was attacked by one of his passengers. According to police, after getting in the cab, the passenger asked the cab driver for his nationality. After the driver answered, a heated argument ensued. When the cab stopped, the passenger got out and put his hands around the driver's throat and struck him with his fist.

I believe that Government's first duty is to defend its citizens, to defend them against the harms that come out of hate. The Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act is a symbol that can become substance. I believe that by passing this legislation and changing current law, we can change hearts and minds as well.

REAUTHORIZING THE ASSAULT WEAPONS BAN

• Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, in 1994 President Clinton signed into law a ban on the production of certain semiautomatic assault weapons and high-capacity ammunition magazines. The 1994 law banned a list of 19 specific weapons as well as a number of other weapons incorporating certain design characteristics. This law is scheduled to sunset on September 13, 2004.

Last week before the Senate Judiciary Committee, Attorney General John Ashcroft indicated the Bush administration's support for the current ban on assault weapons, but refused to support reauthorization of the ban. I believe we should not only reauthorize this bill, but strengthen it. I hope the Bush Administration will support reauthorization.

According to National Institute for Justice statistics cited by the Brady Campaign to Prevent Gun Violence, the assault weapons ban has successfully reduced the use of assault weapons in crime. According to the report, crime gun traces for assault weapons declined by 20 percent the first year after the ban took effect from 4,077 in 1994 to 3,268 in 1995. Comparatively, trace requests on all crime guns decreased by only 11 percent over the same period of time.

Even with the success of the ban, assault weapons still pose a threat to community safety. In 1994, every major national law enforcement organization, including the Fraternal Order of Police, the National Sheriff's Association, and the Major City Police Chiefs Association, supported the Federal assault weapons ban. I expect that law enforcement will again support this important piece of gun and community safety legislation.

I urge my colleagues in the Senate and the President to support the reauthorization of this important bill.●

A TRIBUTE TO KENT KRESA

• Mrs. FEINSTEIN. Mr. President, I would like to take this opportunity to recognize an outstanding leader of American industry, Kent Kresa, upon his retirement. For the past 13 years, Mr. Kresa has presided over Northrop Grumman Corporation as its chairman and CEO.

Under his guidance, Northrop Grumman grew from a mid-sized defense company known primarily for aircraft building to a full-spectrum major defense firm. The Northrop Grumman that Mr. Kresa refashioned is home to 120,000 employees located in all 50 States and has operations in 25 foreign countries.

It is my privilege to commend Mr. Kresa for a career that helped modernize our defense industrial base and that significantly bolstered our national security.

Mr. Kresa was born in New York City and raised on Long Island. He received his education at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, earning a bachelor's degree in 1959 and post-graduate degrees in 1961 and 1966, all in aeronautics and astronautics.